

Graupner, Christoph (1683-1760)

BRD D3 Mus.ms 435/25

Alles Fleisch ist wie Graß/u. alle/a/2 Violin/Viola/Canto/  
Alto/Venore/e/Continuo./Dn.K.p.Tr./1727.



Autograph September 1727. 35 x 21,5 cm.

Partitur: 4 Bl. Alte Zählung: 2 Bogen.

9 St.: C, A, T, vl q, w, vla, vlne(2x), bc.  
1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2 Bl.

Alte Sign.: 160/25.

Text: Johann Conrad Lichtenberg, 1727.

An. 16. p. F.

G. A. F. M. S. 1727.

Allen <sup>extra</sup> Feinff. in G. 35

Mus 435/25

160

25

4. (15) u

Partitur  
19<sup>tes</sup> Aufzug. 1727.



Dr. 16. p. 7.

G. A. S. M. C. 1777.

1

9.

Handwritten musical score on five staves. The notation includes various note values, rests, and bar lines. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The second and third staves use a different clef, possibly alto or bass. The fourth and fifth staves continue the musical notation. There are some annotations in the right margin, including "al. 1." and "al. 2."

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Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring six staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely 18th or 19th century. The first staff contains a single melodic line. The subsequent staves show a more complex arrangement with multiple voices or instruments. The lyrics are written in German, with some words appearing in a cursive script. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C).

Lyrics (first system):  
 Ich hab' in diesem Leben  
 den armen Mensch  
 gesehen, der die  
 Liebe nicht versteht

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Lyrics (second system):  
 Ich hab' in diesem Leben  
 den armen Mensch  
 gesehen, der die  
 Liebe nicht versteht

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring six staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely 18th or 19th century. The first staff contains a single melodic line. The subsequent staves show a more complex arrangement with multiple voices or instruments. The lyrics are written in German, with some words appearing in a cursive script. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C).

Lyrics (third system):  
 Ich hab' in diesem Leben  
 den armen Mensch  
 gesehen, der die  
 Liebe nicht versteht

Handwritten musical score on a single page, featuring six staves. The notation is in a historical style, likely 18th or 19th century. The first staff contains a single melodic line. The subsequent staves show a more complex arrangement with multiple voices or instruments. The lyrics are written in German, with some words appearing in a cursive script. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C).

Lyrics (fourth system):  
 Ich hab' in diesem Leben  
 den armen Mensch  
 gesehen, der die  
 Liebe nicht versteht







Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring six systems of staves. The notation includes treble and bass clefs, various note values, rests, and dynamic markings like 'f' and 'p'. Some staves have lyrics written in German.

Lyrics visible on the page:

- System 3: *Ich hab' mich nicht*
- System 4: *Ich hab' mich nicht*
- System 5: *Mein Herr Wallmuth hat mich auf's ansehnlichste*





Handwritten musical score system 1, featuring six staves with various musical notations and lyrics. The lyrics include "Lohy", "Huy", "muy", "Lohy", "Huy", "muy", "Lohy", "Huy", "muy", "Lohy", "Huy", "muy".



Handwritten musical score system 2, featuring six staves with various musical notations and lyrics. The lyrics include "Lohy", "Huy", "muy", "Lohy", "Huy", "muy", "Lohy", "Huy", "muy", "Lohy", "Huy", "muy".



Handwritten musical score system 3, featuring six staves with various musical notations and lyrics. The lyrics include "Lohy", "Huy", "muy", "Lohy", "Huy", "muy", "Lohy", "Huy", "muy", "Lohy", "Huy", "muy".

*Soli Deo Gloria.*

ibo

5

Alles fließt in den Geist,  
u. alle s.

a

2

Violin

Viola

Contr

Alto

Tenor

Dr. C. p. Fr.

1757

c

Continuo

*Continuo*

*alla Grifft ist die Grifft*

*pp.*

The image shows a page of handwritten musical notation for a Continuo instrument. The page contains 14 staves of music. The notation is in a historical style, likely from the 17th or 18th century. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is written in a continuous, flowing style with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. There are several dynamic markings, including 'pp.' (pianissimo) and 'f' (forte). The notation includes many accidentals (sharps and flats) and fingerings. The page is aged and shows some wear, with the right edge being torn. The handwriting is in dark ink on light-colored paper.



Choral

*Ich hab mich Gott anvertraut*



# Violino Primo

*all. viv. molto cresc.*  
*pp.*  
*Recit. tacet.*  
*su il 1.° Flauto*  
*pp.*  
*forte*  
*5. pp.*  
*forte*  
*pp.*  
*Capo*  
*Recitativo tacet.*  
*Volte*

This is a handwritten musical score for the first violin (Violino Primo). The score is written on 18 staves. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo and mood are indicated as 'all. viv. molto cresc.' (allegro vivace, very much crescendo). The dynamics range from 'pp.' (pianissimo) to 'forte'. There are several performance instructions in Italian, including 'Recit. tacet.' (Recitative, tacet) and 'Recitativo tacet.' (Recitative, tacet). The score concludes with 'Capo' (Capo) and 'Volte' (Times).



*Andante.*

Violino. 2.

8

*and. e. f. molto cresc.*

*Allegro*

*f. ed.*

*forte*

*Volte*

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves of music. The notation includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *piano* and *forte*. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century. The manuscript is titled "Recit. a. c. e. l." and includes a section marked "La Capo.".

Key markings and text visible in the score include:

- Recit. a. c. e. l.* (top left)
- piano* (multiple instances)
- La Capo.* (middle section)
- forte* (bottom section)

The manuscript shows signs of age, including foxing and staining, particularly in the lower half of the page.

Harvati.

Viola.

17. 9

Handwritten musical score for Viola, featuring 17 staves of music. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

Handwritten annotations include:

- Alles Schaff ist mit der Hand* (written above the first staff)
- Recht* (written above the 7th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 13th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 14th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 15th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 16th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 17th staff)
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- Recht* (written above the 90th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 91st staff)
- Recht* (written above the 92nd staff)
- Recht* (written above the 93rd staff)
- Recht* (written above the 94th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 95th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 96th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 97th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 98th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 99th staff)
- Recht* (written above the 100th staff)

Handwritten musical notation on five staves. The first three staves contain a melody in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The fourth staff has a repeat sign and the text "Ja Capo" written above it.

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, starting with a treble clef and a common time signature (C). It contains a series of rhythmic figures.

*Choral.*

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, starting with a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. It contains a melody with many beamed eighth notes.

*Ich hab mich Gott*

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, continuing the melody from the previous staff. It includes a sharp sign and a plus sign above a note.

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, featuring a complex rhythmic pattern with many beamed eighth and sixteenth notes.

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, continuing the complex rhythmic pattern from the previous staff.

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, ending with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

A blank musical staff with some faint, scattered ink marks.

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Violone.

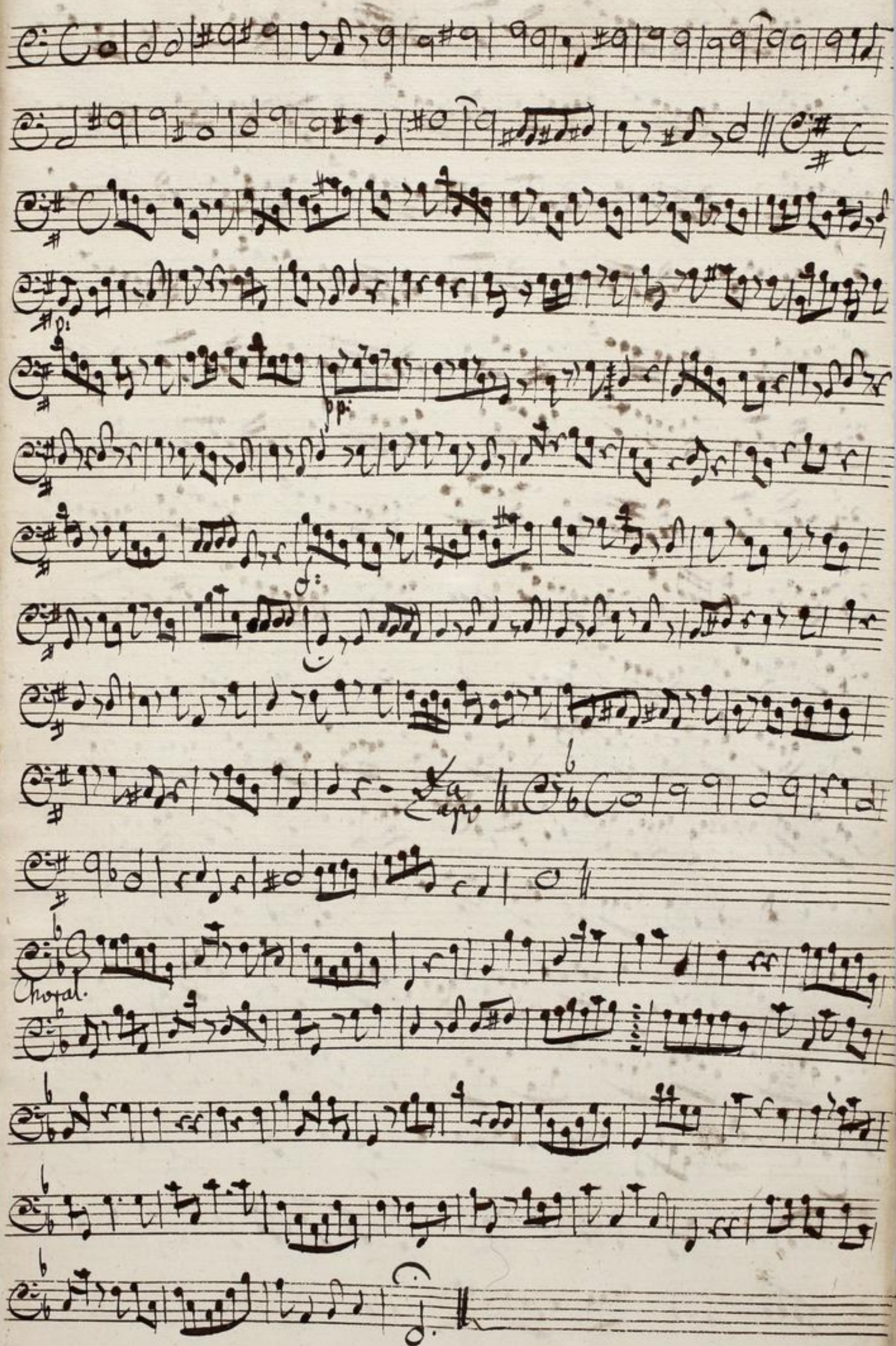
10

pp:

Cesil

Scapo

Kolti



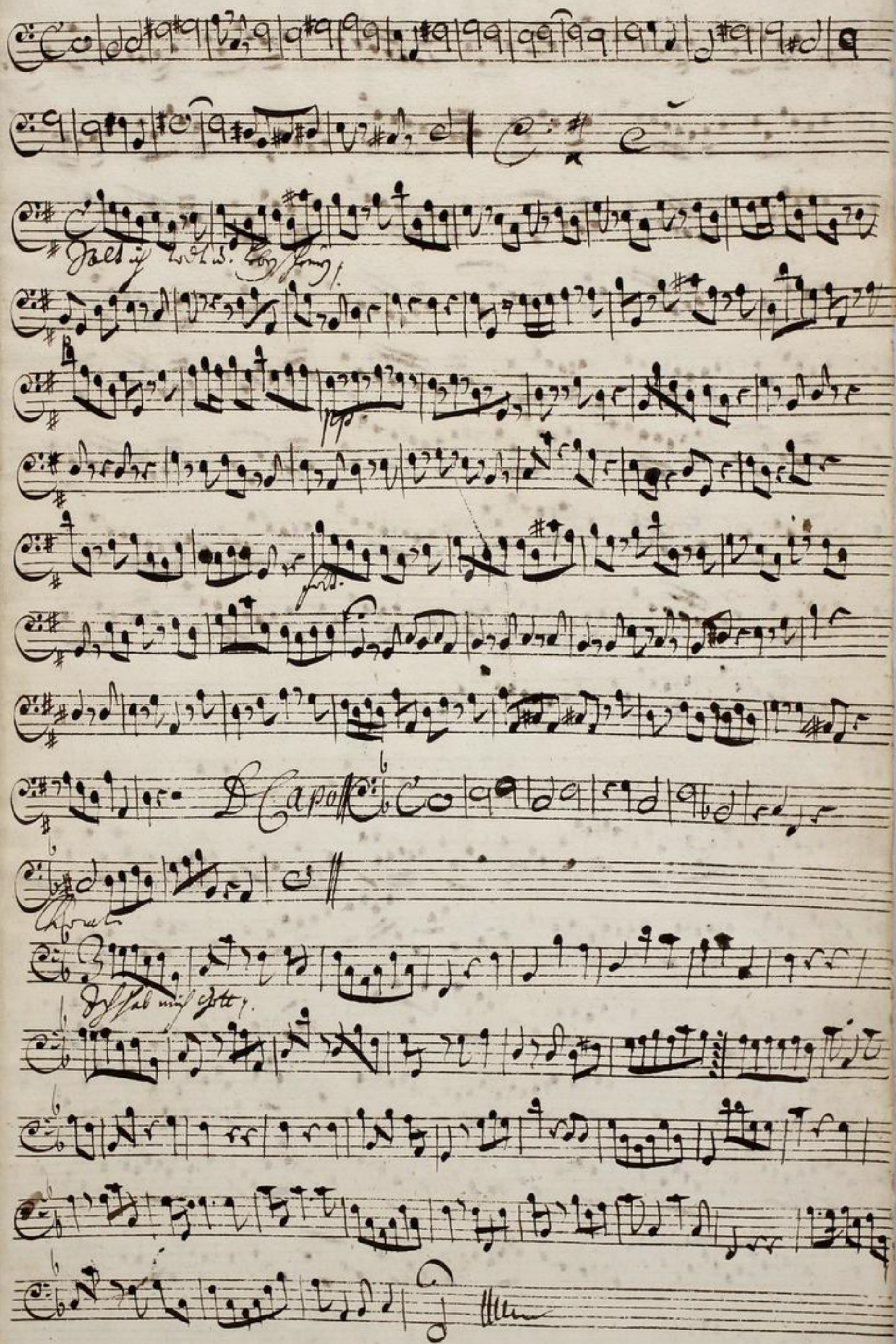
# Violone

11

*Alte Sanft und leicht*

*pp.*

*Capo*



## Canto.

42

Allmählich fließt mir Gras und alle Freiluft ist  
 Menschen mit dem Gras die Blumen das Gras ist vor  
 der - - - das Gras ist vor der - - - und die Blumen ab-ge-  
 fallen das Gras ist vor der - - - und die Blumen ab-gefal-  
 len

Recitativo Aria  
 Was mochte dir so sehr lieb wo  
 Es dich so überhand den steh gegenwärtigen Geist befehlen und die sprachen  
 fließt die Wangen täglich nach, die Luft der Welt der irdischen Lande und die  
 irdische Sinn ergötzt ist auf ein altes müßig Gut im Lichte der bald vor  
 schwindet nach jener der Sinn mein Geist selbst sich das in der ein  
 besser kleiner findet, wo er ganz sanft und süß auf der müßig findet  
 noch in solch Wohnung ziehn

Voll ist Tod und Leben schon soll ist Tod und Leben schon  
 mein Gott mir und mich sehr erfreuen  
 - in dem mir noch ein mir noch leben laßt

[illegible]

Ich hab mich Gott ergeben, dem liebsten Vater mein,  
der ich sein immer lebe, er muß geschieden seyn.  
Der Tod bringt mir kein Pfaden er ist mir mein Gewinn.  
Darum in Gottes Gnaden laß ich mich Friede sein.

Alto.

13

Al- le- fließt ist mir groß und alle for- lü- st- ich Men- schen  
mit der groß- blü- men — und alle for- lü- st- ich  
Men- schen mit der groß- blü- men der groß- blü- men der groß- blü- men  
der — ist und die blü- me ab- ge- fallen und die blü- me ab- ge-  
fallen der groß- blü- men der — ist und die blü- me ab- — ge- fel-

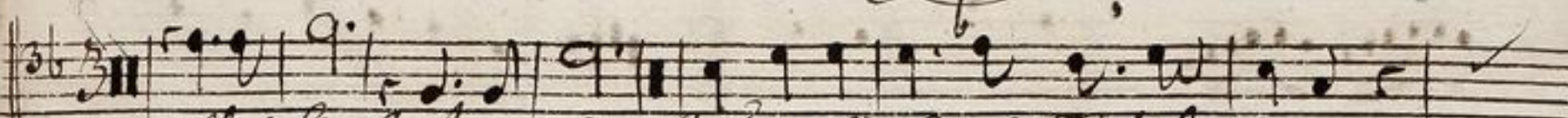
Recitat Aria Recitat Aria  
tacet tacet tacet tacet

Wilt uns ihr for- be- stän- den stän- den die for- den tage sind nicht  
mit der Geist mir mehr es for- als alle Tim- men for- ver- mäch-  
der Jesu- tröst ver- güt- in Lich- te  
Ich hab mich Gott er- geben, dem lieb- sten Vater mein  
für ist kein im- mer le- ben, es muß ge- stir- ben se-  
der Tod bringt mich ein- fachen es ist mir mein Ge-  
heim in Gottes Gu- den laß ich mich for- der-  
der



# Tenore

15


  
 Alles fließt ist wie Gras und alle Freulichkeit des Menschen  
 wie das Gras der Blumen — das Gras ist verdorren —  
 und die Blumen ab — gefallen und die Blumen und die  
 Blumen ab — gefallen und die Blumen ab — ge-  
 fallen und die Blumen abgefallen.


  
 Was prangst du in einem Ofen in einem Mensch befinde  
 dich dein Leib wie ich viel leicht gar bald mit Wunden gatten  
 kein Oly kein Alter keine Zeit kann dich von Solchem fall befreien  
 Was hilft denn die Felleit die dich zum Schonen macht Laß  
 dich nicht alzu langsam reiten laß dich in einem nicht bedacht.  
 In einem Uain dieser Zeiten laß dich — in weißem  
 be- — fer in weiß in weißem beßer Land In einem Uain  
 — dieser Zeiten — laß dich — in weißem beßer

land - - - ist mein bester Land die stete Wohnung dort  
oben sind meiner Seele aufgegeben mein Geist selbst ist hier  
auf mein - - - nahest vollbracht - den laß nahest voll-  
bracht - den laß nicht - er in Gottes Vater Land ist  
- er in Gottes Vater Land *Da Capo*

*Recitat: tacet* *Aria tacet*

*Accomp: tacet*

ich hab mich Gott ergeben, Sein liebster Vater mein  
für ist kein inner Leben, es muß geschehen sein  
der Tod bringt mir kein Schaden er ist mir mein Gewinn  
Verein in Gottes Gnaden laßt mich friedlich sein